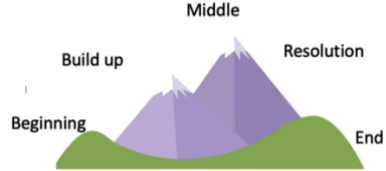



# Keeping Busy at Home – Miss McCabe

Hello everyone!

Please see these activities that you can keep busy with this week. I would love to know how you get on so don't forget you can Tweet me @cabevh2.

Online Activities		
Activity	Where to find it	Helpful tips
<b>Maths</b> Area and Perimeter - Continued	<a href="https://classroom.thenational.academy/subjects-by-year/year-4/subjects/maths/">https://classroom.thenational.academy/subjects-by-year/year-4/subjects/maths/</a>  Complete lessons 4-7	As there are 4 lessons, do one lesson each day and a recap on Friday. Draw diagrams if it helps you.
<b>English</b> Narrative	<a href="https://www.literacyshed.com/butterflies.html">https://www.literacyshed.com/butterflies.html</a>  Watch the clip and have a go at writing your own story about a book that comes to life. What other animals might come out of it?	Make sure you include plenty of description with adjectives, expanded noun phrases and similes.  You might want to plan your story first: 
<b>French</b> Colours	<a href="https://www.french-games.net/frenchtopics">https://www.french-games.net/frenchtopics</a>  Click on the 'Colours' link and complete the lesson available.	Try and write down the new words you learn in this lesson. Say the words as they come up on the screen.
<b>Science</b> How are sounds made?  How are sounds detected?	How are sounds made? <a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zgfr82/articles/zstr2nb">https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zgfr82/articles/zstr2nb</a>  How are sounds detected? <a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zgfr82/articles/zx9hcj6">https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zgfr82/articles/zx9hcj6</a>  Watch the videos and learn about how we hear sounds. Complete the quizzes at the end.	As you watch the videos, make notes to refer to later.
<b>Art</b> Learn about artist Gillian Ayres and what inspires her bright paintings.	<a href="https://www.tate.org.uk/kids/explore/who-is/who-gillian-ayres">https://www.tate.org.uk/kids/explore/who-is/who-gillian-ayres</a>	Make notes and try creating a picture in the same style.

Non-Screen Activities		
Activity		Helpful tips
<p><b>Maths – Addition</b></p> <p>1) <math>6488 + 1374 =</math>                      2) <math>3449 + 4947 =</math></p> <p>3) <math>5869 + 4736 =</math>                      4) <math>6865 + 1070 =</math></p> <p>5) <math>1333 + 2253 =</math>                      6) <math>5630 + 1423 =</math></p> <p>7) <math>6667 + 923 =</math>                      8) <math>6295 + 960 =</math></p> <p>9) <math>4349 + 1535 =</math>                      10) <math>8156 + 3903 =</math></p>		<p>You may want to complete your calculations on squared paper to help with place value.</p>
<p><b>Writing</b></p> <p>Use this picture to inspire a piece of descriptive writing.</p> <p>See if you can apply some of the sentence skills you have been practising.</p>		<p><b>Double -ly</b></p> <p>He tiptoed <u>slowly</u> and <u>cautiously</u>.</p> <p><b>Expanded noun phrase and subordinate conjunction</b></p> <p>The <u>tall, green trees</u> danced <u>when</u> the breeze blew through them.</p> <p><b>Fronted adverbial</b></p> <p><u>As the creature crept closer,</u> he...</p>
<p><b>Science</b></p> <p><u>What impacts the detection of sound?</u></p> <p>Choose some things in your house that make a sound. Test how that sounds can be affected by different objects. E.g. <i>What happens if you place a pillow over a speaker? What happens if you take sound outside? What happens if you hold it up to a wall or window and try and listen through?</i></p> <p>Draw some diagrams to explain your findings.</p>		<p>To make this a fair test, you might want to test how 3 different sounds are impacted when exposed to the same things e.g. pillow, wall and distance.</p>
<p><b>Geography</b></p> <p>In Geography this year you learnt about some European countries and their capital cities. How many can you remember?</p> <p>Write them on different squares of paper and have a go at playing ‘country and its capital’ snap!</p>		

# Keeping Busy at Home – Miss McCabe

## Reading

### Little Bad Beasts

We always hear of the big bad beast;  
of his huge great claws  
and his size increased.

But we never hear of the tiny little one  
with his cute little face  
who doesn't weigh a ton.

Here's a few of the tiny animals  
from the smallest bird  
to the cutest mammals.

First let's start with the fish in the sea  
and this one's the size  
of a garden pea.  
The infantfish has tiny fins;  
he's found near reefs  
where he darts and spins.

The teeniest bird is a clever little thing  
who hangs near flowers  
with his hovering wing.

The bee hummingbird as the name suggests  
is the size of a bee  
with a colourful chest.

The slightest mammal when it comes to weight?  
A scampering shrew  
with a wild heart-rate.  
He feasts on bugs and worms all day  
but has to hide  
from birds of prey.

The littlest lizard with the reptile prize  
is the diddy dwarf gecko  
with his beady eyes.  
He scurries up walls and loves to eat flies;  
he's really quite quick -  
especially for his size!

Have a coloured pencil or highlighter handy. Use this to circle or highlight possible answers.



1. The infantfish is the same size as what?

---



2. What is the teeniest bird?

---



3. 'He feasts on bugs and worms all day  
but has to hide  
from birds of prey.'

Why do you think the shrew needs hide from the birds of prey?

---



---



4. What do you think it means by 'reptile prize'?

---